

Territory of Guam Teritorion Suam

LEGISLA TIEP 14 " OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR UFISINAN UMAGATAHI AGANA, GUAM 26010 USA,

The Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker, Twenty-First Guam Legislature 155 Hessler Street Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Transmitted herewith is Bill No. 469, which I have signed into law this date as Public Law No. 21-41.

Sincerely,

Governor of Guam

210418 Attachment





TWENTY-FIRST GUAM LEGISLATURE 1991 (FIRST) Regular Session

CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Bill No. 469 (COR), "AN ACT TO CREATE THE "PEDRO DIAZ N O E

PEREZ INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO APPROPRIATION THEREFOR; AND TO RE REENACT §2913.13, ALL OF TITLE 10, GUATHE ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR THE M on the 13th day of September, 1991, duly and re	PEAL §§2913.13 AND 2913.14 AND TO AM CODE ANNOTATED, TO CHANGE EDICALLY INDIGENT PROCESSMENT PROCESSMENT
Attested:	JOE T. SAN AGUSTIN Speaker
PILAR C. LUJAN Senator and Legislative Secretary	
This Act was received by the Governor to 1991, at o'clocka.m.	his 14 day of September
· 	FRANK F. BLAS Lieutenant Governor of Guam
APPROVED:	Electricities Governor of Guain
JOSEPH F. ADA Governor of Guam	
Date: September 14, 1991	

Public Law No: 21-41

TWENTY-FIRST GUAM LEGISLATURE 1991 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 469 (COR)
As substituted by the Committee on Youth, Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs and as further substituted by the author

Introduced by:

A. C. Blaz

E. P. Arriola

M. Z. Bordallo

D. L. G. Shimizu

J. T. San Agustin

J. G. Bamba

J. P. Aguon

D. F. Brooks

H. D. Dierking

E. R. Duenas

E. M. Espaldon

C. T. C. Gutierrez

P. C. Lujan

G. Mailloux

M. D. A. Manibusan

D. Parkinson

M. J. Reidy

M. C. Ruth

F. R. Santos

T. V. C. Tanaka

A. R. Unpingco

AN ACT TO CREATE THE "PEDRO DIAZ PEREZ INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES" AND TO MAKE AN APPROPRIATION THEREFOR; AND TO REPEAL §§2913.13 AND 2913.14 AND TO REENACT §2913.13, ALL OF TITLE 10, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO CHANGE THE ELIGIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR THE MEDICALLY INDIGENT PROGRAM.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative findings. The Legislature finds that a need exists to foster a resurgence in the study of Chamorro cultural affairs and heritage to correspond with the surge in economic development and western influence that Guam is currently experiencing. Dating back well past the time of Magellan's arrival in 1521, Guam has possessed its own distinctive culture that flourished throughout the Mariana Islands, being a part of everyday life for the ancient Chamorros, the islanders maintaining a simple but culturally rich subsistence economy, based on hunting, fishing, and gathering. Although this aspect of the Chamorro culture has altered substantially, one feature that has remained is the compassionate nature of the people of Guam, Father Los Angeles in 1596 characterizing the Chamorro people to be "loving people by nature..."

The Legislature further finds that historical and cultural facts and events such as these deserve to be fully addressed and understood in order for the people of Guam to better appreciate and realize the rich history and culture that the island possesses. More importantly, such understanding will result in a rejuvenation as well as the preservation of the island's heritage. Understanding one's past is an important aspect to understanding where one is going. The current quest for political and social identity cannot disregard the hundreds of years of changes the island has already undergone. Nor should the people of Guam forget even during the current economic expansion the unique characteristics of the Chamorro people that have been passed on from generation to generation.

The Pedro Diaz Perez Institute of Chamorro Studies as described in this

1 Act is designed to cause the various aspects of Chamorro culture, including

2 heritage and history, to be studied in depth. The findings of the Institute will

3 be published, preserved, and made widely available for the public's use.

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Section 2. Creation of Institute. There is hereby created the "Pedro Diaz Perez Institute for Chamorro Studies" (the "Institute"), which shall be composed of the following members:

(a) The director or other chief executive officer of:

The Chamorro Language Commission, the Micronesian Area Research Center, the Territorial Library, the Department of Parks and Recreation, and the Guam Council of the Arts and Humanities Agency;

- (b) The President of the Guam Association of Retired Persons;
- (c) Three (3) members of the general public, who are knowledgeable of traditional Chamorro society and culture, appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Legislature. The term of office of such appointed members shall be five (5) years.

Section 3. Duties of Institute. The Institute shall provide a forum to 17 study the various aspects of Chamorro culture, including heritage and 18 history. Its purposes and powers shall include: (i) conducting research and 19 investigations in depth in the fields of Chamorro history, Chamorro 20 sociology, and Chamorro culture, with emphasis on the rich Chamorro 21 heritage, (ii) tracing and recording the genealogical origins of the Chamorro 22 23 families of Guam, (iii) undertaking such other studies as are necessary to effectuate the purposes of the Institute, (iv) hiring personnel, (v) creating a 24 25 record of all findings pertaining to the history of Guam and the Mariana Islands, (vi) publishing its findings, and (vii) doing all that is necessary for the 26

1 effective operation of the Institute.

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Section 4. Appropriation. Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000) are hereby appropriated from the General Fund to the Institute.

Section 5. §§2913.13 and 2913.14 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, are repealed and a new §2913.13 is hereby enacted to read:

"§2913.13. Income limitations. The Federal Poverty Income Guidelines shall be used to determine income eligibility for the Medically Indigent Program. In the calculation of income, payments for medical insurance or medicare premiums shall be excluded from income. An individual found ineligible because of the income limitations set out in this §2913.13 prior to its repeal and re-enactment who was paying medical insurance or medicare premiums shall be reevaluated for eligibility from his or her time of application based on the new Guidelines."

TWENTY-FIRST GUAM LEGISLATURE 1991 (FIRST) Regular Session

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Data	9/12	10
Date:		77

VOTING	SHEET
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Bill No. 469	AOTING SHEEL
Resolution No	
Question:	

	AYE	<u>NO</u>	NOT VOTING	ABSENT/ OUT DURING
AGUON, John P.				ROLL CALL
ARRIOLA, Elizabeth P.	Warner .			
BAMBA, J. George	-			
BLAZ, Anthony C.				
BORDALLO, Madeleine Z.				
BROOKS, Doris F.	-			
DIERKING, Herminia D.	Variation 1			
DUENAS, Edward R.	است			
ESPALDON, Ernesto M.				process and the
GUTIERREZ, Carl T.C.				
LUJAN, Pilar C.				
MAILLOUX, Gordon	-			
MANIBUSAN, Marilyn D.A.	· ·			
PARKINSON, Don				
REIDY, Michael J.				
RUTH, Martha C.	berrette berrette			
SAN AGUSTIN, Joe T.	beren			
SANTOS, Francisco R.				
SHIMIZU, David L.G.	-			
TANAKA, Thomas V.C.		ì		
UNPINGCO, Antonio R.				

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FLOOR AMENDMENT by Senator D. L. G. Shimizu

Section ____. §§2913.13 and 2913.14 of Title 10, Guam Code Annotated, are repealed and a new §2913.13 is hereby enacted to read:

"§2913.13. Income limitations. The Federal Poverty Income Guidelines shall be used to determine income eligibility for the Medically Indigent Program. In the calculation of income, payments for medical insurance or medicare premiums shall be excluded from income. An individual found ineligible because of the income limitations set out in this §2913.13 prior to its repeal and re-enactment who was paying medical insurance or medicare premiums shall be reevaluated for eligibility from his or her time of application based on the new Guidelines."



Twenty-First Guam Legislature-

SENATOR ELIZABETH P. ARRIOLA

Chairperson
Committee on Youth,
Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs

August 28, 1991

The Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker Twenty-First Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910

VIA: Chairman, Committee on Rules

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Youth, Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs to which was referred Bill No. 469, "AN ACT TO CREATE AN "INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES COMMISSION" TO ADDRESS THE CREATION OF AN INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES" has had the same under consideration and now wishes to report back its recommendation TO DO PASS as substituted by the Committee.

Committee votes received:

TO PASS NOT TO PASS REPORT OUT OTHER

Attached herewith are the Commission Report and other pertinent documents for your perusal.

Sincerely,

Elizabeth P. ARRIOLE

Attachments

155 Hoder Street . Agams, Gunn 96916 . Tell: (671) 472-34446 . Fax: (671) 477-3632



COMMITTEE ON YOUTH, SENIOR CITIZENS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

Bill No. 469
As substituted by the Committee

"AN ACT TO CREATE AN "INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES COMMISSION" TO ADDRESS THE CREATION OF AN INSTITUTE OF CHAMORRO STUDIES."

Chairperson:	To Pass	Not To Pass	Report Out	Inactive File
Elizabeth P. Arriola				
Members:		e.		
Frank R. Santos	V	***************************************		
J. George Bamba				
Herminia D. Dierking				
Edward R. Duenas				
Ernesto M. Espaldon				
Pilar C. Lajan	\overline{V}			
Martha C. Jush	18/28/91			
David L. G. Shimizu	<u>√</u>			
Madeleine Z. Bopdallo				
Speaker Joe T. San Agustin				

COMMITTEE REPORT

COMMITTEE ON YOUTH, SENIOR CITIZENS AND CULTURAL AFFAIRS

on Bill No. 469

AN ACT TO CREATE AN INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES WITHIN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND TO CITE THIS ACT AS THE INSTITUTE OF CHAMORRO STUDIES ACT OF 1991.

PREFACE

A public hearing on Bill No. 469 was held by the Committee on Youth, Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs on Wednesday, August 21, 1991 at the Public Hearing Room, Pacific Arcade Building, Agana.

Present at the hearing were Chairperson, Senator Elizabeth P. Arriola and attended by Senators Martha C. Ruth and Tony C. Blaz.

TESTIMONY

Mr. J. U. Torres, Chairman, Board of Regents of the University of Guam, submitted written testimony in support of the intent of the Bill. He states, "the University is in support of the creation of the institute of Chamorro studies with the modification that we explore the idea of combining existing programs under the institute's auspices."

There being no further testimony, Chairperson Arriola adjourned the hearing on Bill No. 469.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDATION

The Committee on Youth, Senior Citizens, Cultural Affairs, and Human Resources wishes to report Bill No. 469, "AN ACT TO CREATE AN "INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES COMMISSION" TO ADDRESS THE CREATION OF AN INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES" has had the same under consideration, and now wishes to report back the same with the recommendation <u>TO DO PASS</u> as substituted by the Committee.

ATTACHMENTS

1. Written testimony by Mr. J. U. Torres, Chairman, Board of Regents, University of Guam.

Twenty-First Guam Legislature 1991 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 469
as substituted by the
Committee on Youth, Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs

Introduced by:

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A. C. BLAZ

E. P. ARRIOLA

AN ACT TO CREATE AN "INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES COMMISSION" TO ADDRESS THE CREATION OF AN INSTITUTE OF CHAMORRO STUDIES.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings.

It is a finding of the Legislature that there exists a need to foster a resurgence in the area of Chamorro cultural affairs and heritage to correspond with the surge in economic development and western influence that Guam is currently experiencing. Dating back four hundred (400) years to the time of Magellan's arrival in 1521, Guam possessed distinctive cultural aspects that flourished throughout the Mariana Islands. By this time, facets of Guam's culture were already developed and were a part of everyday life for the ancient Chamorros. The islanders maintained a simplified subsistence economy made up of hunters and gatherers. Although this aspect of the Chamorro culture has altered somewhat, one feature that has remained the same is the compassionate nature of the people of Guam. Father Los Angeles in 1596-97 characterized the Chamorro people to be "loving people by nature..."

It is also a finding of the Legislature that aspects as these deserve to be fully addressed and understood in order for the island to better appreciate and realize the rich history that the island possess. More importantly, such understanding will result in a rejuvenation and preservation of our island's heritage. The Legislature further finds that understanding past history is an important aspect to

understanding where we are going. Our current quest for political and social identity cannot disregard 1 2 the hundreds of years of changes the island has undergone. Nor can we ever forget, even during this economic expansion, the unique elements of the Chamorro people that have been passed on from 3 generation to generation. 4

The Institute of Chamorro Studies is designed to study the various aspects of Chamorro culture including heritage and history. Findings of the Institute will be published and preserved and made available for the public's use.

- Section 2. There is hereby created an "Institute for Chamorro Studies Commission" (the Commission) consisting of nine (9) persons to be appointed by the Governor. The Commission shall be composed by the respective agency Directors of the following entities and the general public:
 - The Micronesian Area Research Center (a)
 - (b) The Chamorro Language Commission
 - The Office of the Territorial Librarian (c)

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- The Department of Parks and Recreation (d)
- The Guam Council on the Arts and Humanities Agency
- 16 (f) Four (4) members from the general public who must be knowledgeable of traditional Chamorro society and culture.

The Commission shall provide a forum to study the various aspects of Chamorro culture including heritage and history. The Commission shall include as part of their goals, research into creating an "Institute of Chamorro Studies," (the Institute) including the purposes of the Institute which is to conduct research, studies, investigations in the fields of history, humanities, cultural heritage, trace and record the genealogical origins of the Chamorro families of Guam and other aspects necessary and proper in carrying into effect the purposes of the Institute; Governance; budget; personnel and other purposes relating to the creation of the Institute.

The Commission shall submit its recommendations within sixty (60) days of the enactment of this Act to the Governor and the Legislature.

Section 3. The sum of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) is appropriated from the General Fund to the Governor's Office for the purpose of funding the "Institute for Chamorro Studies Commission."

TWENTY-FIRST GUAM LEGISLATURE 1991 (FIRST) REGULAR SESSION

Bill no. 407 Introduced by:

A. C. BLAZ ML

AN ACT TO CREATE A INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES WITHIN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND TO CITE THIS ACT AS THE INSTITUTE OF CHAMORRO STUDIES ACT OF 1991.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative findings. It is a finding of the Legislature that there exists a need to foster a resurgence in the area of Chamorro cultural affairs and heritage to correspond with the surge in economic development and western influence that Guam is currently experiencing. Dating back four hundred years to the time of Magellan's arrival in 1521, Guam possessed distinctive cultural aspects that flourished throughout the Mariana Islands. By this time, facets of Guam's culture were already developed and were a part of everyday life for the ancient Chamorros. The islanders maintained a simplified subsistence economy made up of hunters and gatherers. Although this aspect of the Chamorro culture has altered somewhat, one feature that has remained the same is the compassionate nature of the people of Guam. Father Los Angeles in 1596-97 characterized the Chamorro people to be a "loving people by nature...".

It is also a finding of the Legislature that aspects as these deserve to be fully addressed and understood in order for the island to better appreciate and realize the rich history that the island possesses. More importantly, such understanding will result in a rejuvination and preservation of our island's heritage. The Legislature further finds understanding past history is an important aspect to understanding where we are going. Our current quest for political and social identity cannot disregard the

hundreds of years of changes the island has undergone. Nor can we ever forget, even during this economic expansion, the unique elements of the Chamorro people that have been passed on from generation to generation.

. . .

The Institute of Chamorro Studies is designed to study the various aspects of Chamorro culture including heritage and history. Findings of the Institute will be published and preserved and made available for the public's use.

- Section 2. There is hereby created an "Institute for Chamorro Studies" ("Institute") that will consist of seven (7) members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature. The Institute shall be headed by a director ("Director") who shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature.
- Section 3. Authorization to hire personnel. The Director is authorized to employ clerical, technical and support staff to assist in carrying out the duties of the Institute.
- Section 4. Duties and responsibilities of the Institute. The Institute shall have the following duties and responsibilities;
- (a) Research, trace and record the genealogical origins of the Chamorro families of Guam dating back to the earliest written documents that can be found.
- (b) Create a record of all findings pertaining to the history of Guam and the Mariana Islands and.
 - (c) Publish finding within all pertinent publications.
- (d) Perform all other necessary duties to meet the objectives as stated in section 1 of this act.
- Section 5. Appropriation. The Governor shall within sixty (60) days of enactment of this Act submit an appropriation request to the Legislature to fund the operations of the Institute.
- Section 6. Title. This Act shall be cited as the "Institute of Chamorro Studies Act of 1991."





University of Guam

U.O.G. STATION - MANGILAO, GUAM 96923

August 20, 1991

The Honorable
Elizabeth P. Arriola
Chairperson, Committee on Youth,
Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs
Twenty-First Guam Legislature
155 Hesler Street
Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Chairperson Arriola:

Thank you for the opportunity to testify on Bill 469.

The University supports the creation of the Institute of Chamorro Studies just as it has in the past endorsed efforts to create an organization combining existing programs which were developed to study and preserve Chamorro culture and language.

We would recommend that the Institute being developed by Bill 469 continue the concept of combining all existing organizations, such as the Chamorro Language Commission and the Historic Preservation Program, under one organization—the Institute.

There may be several University faculty members who wish to make specific suggestions about how to structure such an institute. At the beginning of the Academic Year, however, it is difficult for us to gather and report to you such findings.

In sum, the University is in support of the creation of the Institute of Chamorro Studies with the modification that we explore the idea of combining existing programs under the Institute's auspices.

Si Yu'os Ma'ase

U. Torres

Chairman

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TWENTY-FIRST GUAM LEGISLATURE 1991 (FIRST) REGULAR SESSION

Bill no. $\frac{469}{\text{Introduced by:}}$

A. C. BLAZ She

AN ACT TO CREATE A INSTITUTE FOR CHAMORRO STUDIES WITHIN THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM AND TO CITE THIS ACT AS THE INSTITUTE OF CHAMORRO STUDIES ACT OF 1991.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Legislative findings. It is a finding of the Section 1. Legislature that there exists a need to foster a resurgence in the area of Chamorro cultural affairs and heritage to correspond with the surge in economic development and western influence that Guam is currently experiencing. Dating back four hundred years to the time of Magellan's arrival in 1521, Guam possessed distinctive cultural aspects that flourished throughout the Mariana Islands. By this time, facets of Guam's culture were already developed and were a part of everyday life for the ancient Chamorros. islanders maintained a simplified subsistence economy made up of hunters and gatherers. Although this aspect of the Chamorro culture has altered somewhat, one feature that has remained the same is the compassionate nature of the people of Guam. Father Los Angeles in 1596-97 characterized the Chamorro people to be a "loving people by nature...".

It is also a finding of the Legislature that aspects as these deserve to be fully addressed and understood in order for the island to better appreciate and realize the rich history that the island possesses. More importantly, such understanding will result in a rejuvination and preservation of our island's heritage. The Legislature further finds understanding past history is an important aspect to understanding where we are going. Our current quest for political and social identity cannot disregard the

hundreds of years of changes the island has undergone. Nor can we ever forget, even during this economic expansion, the unique elements of the Chamorro people that have been passed on from generation to generation.

The Institute of Chamorro Studies is designed to study the various aspects of Chamorro culture including heritage and history. Findings of the Institute will be published and preserved and made available for the public's use.

- Section 2. There is hereby created an "Institute for Chamorro Studies" ("Institute") that will consist of seven (7) members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature. The Institute shall be headed by a director ("Director") who shall be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Legislature.
- Section 3. Authorization to hire personnel. The Director is authorized to employ clerical, technical and support staff to assist in carrying out the duties of the Institute.
- Section 4. Duties and responsibilities of the Institute. The Institute shall have the following duties and responsibilities;
- (a) Research, trace and record the genealogical origins of the Chamorro families of Guam dating back to the earliest written documents that can be found.
- (b) Create a record of all findings pertaining to the history of Guam and the Mariana Islands and.
 - (c) Publish finding within all pertinent publications.
- (d) Perform all other necessary duties to meet the objectives as stated in section 1 of this act.
- Section 5. Appropriation. The Governor shall within sixty (60) days of enactment of this Act submit an appropriation request to the Legislature to fund the operations of the Institute.
- Section 6. Title. This Act shall be cited as the "Institute of Chamorro Studies Act of 1991."